

# UASB Tank Calculation

Yellow block is the design datameter : be filled in  
Brown: calculate process data  
Red : last result for your process

## 1.UASB Tank-Parameter

### Raw data

Inlet flow Q ( m3/d)	240.00	°C	25.00			
Influent quality	COD <sub>0</sub>	BOD <sub>0</sub>	SS <sub>0</sub>	碱度	TN <sub>0</sub>	TP <sub>0</sub>
( mg/l)	7290.00	3500.00	294.00	300-700	165.00	5-17
Volume load rate U	4.00	kgCOD/ ( m3 .d)	Generally, it can reach 5.0-6.0, and the flocculent sludge generally takes a value of 2.0-3.0kg			
COD removal rate %	0.70	The removal rate of organic wastewater can reach 80%-96%				
SS removal rate %	0.60	The general removal rate is about 70%.				
Apparent biogas yield	0.50	m3/ ( remove kgCOD)	The general biogas yield is 0.3-0.5			
Sludge apparent yield	0.05	kgVSS/ ( remove kgCOD)	The general yield is calculated from 0.05 to 0.1			
VSS/SS	0.60	It is generally between 0.6 and 0.85				

### 1. Effluent quality after treatment

Effluent quality	COD <sub>1</sub>	BOD <sub>1</sub>	SS <sub>1</sub>		TN <sub>1</sub>	TP <sub>1</sub>
( mg/l)	2187.00		117.60			

### 2. UASB reactor effective volume and length, width, height size determination

2.1. Effective volume VR	437.40	m <sup>3</sup>				
2.2. Number of reactors	1.00	Consider maintenance does not stop production, generally choose 2 seats.				
2.3. Single volume VR'	437.40	m <sup>3</sup>				
2.4. effective height H	10.00	m <sup>3</sup>	The total reactor height is H2	10.50	m	
2.5. Reactor area S	43.74	m <sup>2</sup>				
2.6. Reactor size						
Set the reactor width B	8.00	m	The length of the reactor L	5.47	m	5.00
Reactor diameter D	7.46	m	7.00	m		m

### 3. the dimensions of the reactor

long	5.00	wide	8.00	long	10.50
diameter	7.00	high	10.50		
The area after re-accounting	40.00	Or circle	38.47	m <sup>2</sup>	
volume	400.00	Or circle	384.65	m <sup>3</sup>	

### 4. Hydraulic residence time of the reactor

HRT	40.00	Or circle	38.47	h
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### 5. three-phase separator design

Surface load in the settling zone	0.13	Or circle	0.13	m <sup>3</sup> / ( m <sup>2</sup> .h)	The value of the granular sludge bed is between 1.0 and 2.0 The value of flocculent sludge bed is between 0.4 and 0.8
The depth of the settling area h	1.00	m	Generally, the value is greater than 1.0m		
Residence time	4.00	Or circle	3.85	h	

### 6. Reflux joint design

The horizontal Angle of the collecting	55.00	Generally desirable 45-60°				
The protection height h1 is used	0.50	m				
Set the triangle hood height h3	0.80	m				
Top depth of the upper triangle is h2	0.50	m				
Then we have b1	0.56	m	Width of the base of the lower triangular hood			
The unit three-phase separator is set	2.50	m				
Then we have Lower sludge return seam width b2	1.38	m	The horizontal distance between two adjacent lower triangular hoods			
The total area of the lower sludge return	22.07	Or circle	27.04	m <sup>2</sup>		
Granular sludge this value: less2.0	Flocculent sludge has this value: less1.0					
Then we have The ascending velocity v1 of the lower triangular return joint	0.45	Or circle	0.37	m/h		
The width of the return seam of the upper triangular air collector is set at b3	0.64	m		Rectangular pool: 8.00	Circular pool: 7.69	
Total area a2	20.47	Or circle	25.08	Not less than 20% of the reactor area, i.e. not less than		
Then we have Rising velocity v2 in the upper return seam	0.24	Or circle	0.40	m/h	Granular sludge, guaranteed v1 <v2 <2.0m/h	
	Flocculent sludge ensures v1 <v2 <1.0m/h					

### 7. Determination of the position of the three-phase separator

The vertical distance from the bottom end of the upper triangular hood to the bevel of the lower triangular hood	CE	0.52	m		
The vertical distance from the bottom end of the upper triangular hood to the lower triangular hood	BC	0.91	m		
Take the length of the bevel that overlaps the upper triangle hood and the lower triangle hood	AB	0.40	m	Generally, it should be up to 10-20cm or determined by calculation	
Then we have Height of the bottom end of the upper triangle hood and the bottom end of the lower triangle hood	h	1.31	m		
Confirm date:					
The distance from the bottom end of the upper triangular hood to the top of the pool	1.80	m			
The distance from the bottom end of the lower triangle hood to the top of the pool	3.11	m			

### 8. Gas-liquid separation design

Water velocity va along the slope of the lower hood	0.60	Or circle	0.49	m/h	
The diameter of the bubble dg is set to	0.01	cm			
	β— collision coefficient, preferably 0.95				
The dynamic viscosity coefficient of wastewater μ=vp1	0.01	Take 0.02 value	0.02	g— acceleration of gravity, cm/s <sup>2</sup>	
	p1— liquid density, g/cm <sup>3</sup> Take 1.03g/cm <sup>3</sup> Value				
	pg—methane density, g/cm <sup>3</sup> Take 1.2*10 <sup>-3</sup> Value				
The rising velocity of the bubble at	(β <sup>2</sup> g/18μ) * (p1-pg) *d <sup>2</sup>			d— Bubble diameter, cm	
	0.27	cm/s			
	9.59	m/h	μ— Dynamic viscosity coefficient of wastewater, g/cm <sup>2</sup>		
	ν— kinematic viscosity coefficient of liquid, cm <sup>2</sup> /s Take 0.0101 Value				

### 9. Accounting design results

BC/AB=	2.28			
vb/va=	16.08	Or circle	19.70	
Meet the requirements of vb/va > BC/AB, and can remove bubbles with a diameter equal to or greater than 0.01cm.				

### 10. Production of biogas

Volume of production per day V=	612.36	m <sup>3</sup> /d			
Volume of biogas tank used in boiler =	122.47	m <sup>3</sup>	Designed according to 20% of daily gas volume		
Surface area of water sealed tank	0.07	m <sup>2</sup>	The rising flow rate of biogas is 0.1m/ss		
Size of water seal tank					
diameter	0.30	m	The liquid level should be 0.5-0.8m		
Altitude	1.20	m	The height of the gas is 0.3-0.5m		

### 11. Sludge production

V mud=	102.06	kgSS/d			
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